

East German Tourist Attraction: Spree Forest (June 24, 2004)

Abstract

As a nearby recreational area, the Brandenburg environs became more popular among Berliners after 1990. In 2003, Berliners took about 35 million outings there. Along with Potsdam, the Spree Forest [*Spreewald*] in the southeastern part of Brandenburg was especially popular. The Spree Forest became famous beyond the region for its pickles, a typical East German product. The Spree Forest, which was recognized as a biosphere preserve by UNESCO in 1991, harbors a labyrinthine waterscape of about 1,000 kilometers of twisting and turning *Fliesse* (i.e., streams and bodies of water). About 120,000 people live in the Spree Forest region. During peak season, tourism provides roughly 6,000 jobs. In 2004, the region recorded 3.9 million visitors and 2.1 million overnight stays.

This photograph was taken in the lower Spree Forest near Schlepzig; it shows tourists being punted over the Quaasspree (*quaa* is Sorbian and means “athwart”) in traditional wooden rowboats.

Source



Source: dpapicture-alliance / dpa (c) dpa – Bildarchiv Photo: Patrick Pleul

Recommended Citation: East German Tourist Attraction: Spree Forest (June 24, 2004), published in: German History in Documents and Images, <<https://germanhistorydocs.org/en/a-new-germany-1990-2023/ghdi:image-3174>> [May 18, 2024].