

Occupation of Parents of Registered Prostitutes in Berlin (1873)

Abstract

This table shows that whereas one in five Berlin prostitutes under police supervision in 1872–73 had at least one parent who was a factory worker, almost one in two had a parent who was a craft worker.

Source

Occupation of Parents of Registered Prostitutes in Berlin (1873)

If we disregard the 102 cases in which the parents' occupation is not specified, then we are left with the following occupational categories, ordered according to frequency of occurrence:

Occupation of parents	-	In percent
Craft work	1015	47.9
Factory work	467	22.0
Minor civil service including private officials	305	14.4
Transportation and trade	222	10.4
Agriculture and gardening	87	4.1
Military	26	1.2
-	2122	100.0

Source: Hermann Schwabe, "Einblicke in das innere und äußere Leben der Berliner Prostituirten," *Berliner Städtisches Jahrbuch für Volkswirtschaft und Statistik* 1 (1874): pp. 60–74, here pp. 62–66; original German data reprinted in Gerhard A. Ritter and Jürgen Kocka, eds., *Deutsche Sozialgeschichte 1870–1914. Dokumente und Skizzen*, 3rd ed. Munich: C. H. Beck, 1982, p. 253.

Translation: Erwin Fink

Recommended Citation: Occupation of Parents of Registered Prostitutes in Berlin (1873), published in: German History in Documents and Images, <<https://germanhistorydocs.org/en/forging-an-empire-bismarckian-germany-1866-1890/ghdi:document-2490>> [May 04, 2024].