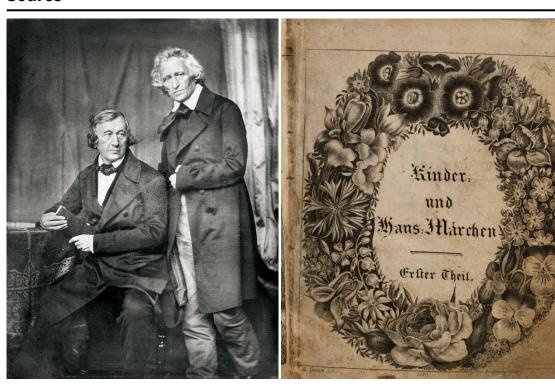


The Brothers Jacob and Wilhelm Grimm (1847)

Abstract

The brothers Jacob (1785–1863) and Wilhelm Grimm (1786–1859) collected proverbs and myths and compiled an extensive dictionary of the German language. They are best known for their famous collection of fairy tales, whose second edition they prefaced with descriptions of various attributes of folk tradition. Jacob Grimm (left) made a particularly lasting contribution as the founder of ancient historical studies in Germany as well as Germanic linguistics and philology. He was also a delegate to the Frankfurt National Assembly in 1848. Top: daguerreotype by Hermann Biow (1804–1850), 1847; bottom: Wilhelm Grimm's handwriting, 1850, the Grimm brothers' fairy tales, and their dictionary of the German language.

Source





Source: Wilhelm Grimm and Jacob Grimm in 1847. Daguerrotype by Hermann Biow. Wikimedia Commons, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Brothers_Grimm_Blow.jpg.

Kinder- und Haus-Märchen, gesammelt durch die Brüder Grimm, Erster Theil. Berlin: Reimer 1819. Available online at: https://mdz-nbn-resolving.de/details:bsb10924833.

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighboring rights.

Recommended Citation: The Brothers Jacob and Wilhelm Grimm (1847), published in: German History in Documents and Images,

https://germanhistorydocs.org/en/from-vormaerz-to-prussian-dominance-1815-1866/ghdi:image-566> [May 03, 2024].