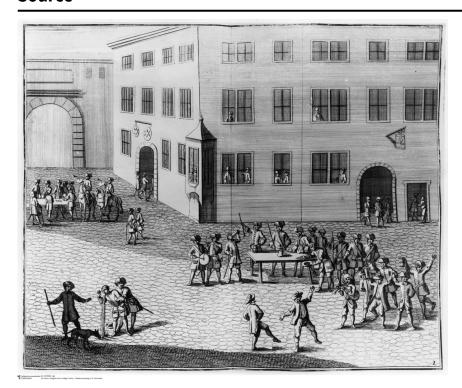


Eighteenth-Century Military Recruiting Strategy – A Little Pocket Change and a Strong Drink (1726)

Abstract

The excesses committed by mercenary armies during the Thirty Years War (1618-48) strengthened the trend toward standing professional armies. So, too, did the need to deploy large numbers of troops in various conflicts with Louis XIV throughout the late seventeenth and early eighteenth centuries. Prior to the compulsory enlistment of able-bodied commoners – which became the standard after 1733 in the Prussian "canton system" – armies made use of incentives in the recruitment of volunteers. This practice persisted in some German states throughout the eighteenth century. The image below is from Hanns Friedrich von Flemming's *Der vollkommene teutsche Soldat* [*The Complete German Soldier*] (1726). It shows how recruitment might have taken place in the early eighteenth century – with a little pocket change and a strong drink.

Source



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and a Strong Drink (1726), published in: German History in Documents and Images, https://germanhistorydocs.org/en/the-holy-roman-empire-1648-1815/ghdi:image-2685 [July 16, 2024].